Why does my machine take so long to boot?

Matthew Wilcox Hewlett Packard

Background

- Modern computers: Faster ...and slower?
- Getting to the bottom of slower boot times

Case Study: HP Superdome

Up to 16 IO chassis x 12 PCI-X slots per chassis

192 PCI-X slots



SCSI takes too long

- Sequential probing
- Additional impact of dual-port cards
- Typical boot time:

90 minutes

Solving the problem through multithreading

SCSI Subsystem Implications

- Verbosity
- Changing printk()

Disc Naming

- Preserving stability
- sysfs gives devices their name
- A victim of my own success
- Modular heartburn

Complications

- Fibre Channel & SAS
 - No bus
 - scsi_scan_host() VS. scsi_scan_target()
- async scans

Second Phase

- scsi_prep_async_scan() and scsi_finish_async_scan()
- scsi_target_discovery()
- scsi_scan_host()

Status

- Merged into 2.6.20-rc1
 - Qlogic qla2xxx support
- Patches to be merged
 - Emulex lpfc driver
 - aic94xx SAS driver
 - libata drivers
- Patches to be written
 - zfcp, fc4, ...

Who wins ...and who doesn't

Winners:

- People with large systems
- People with only one SCSI bus

Losers:

- People with USB/Firewire devices
- Other issues
 - Power consumption

PCI parallel probe

- Works for non-SCSI devices
- Devices named at random
- Some drivers are buggy
- Discs sometimes not found before init starts

Credits

- Hewlett Packard
- Justin Chen
- James Bottomley
- Andrew Vasquez, James Smart, Eric Moore, Anton Blanchard
- Darrick Wong
- Danielle Cole-Wilcox