



## The GStreamer Multimedia Architecture

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## What is GStreamer

- A library for building multimedia applications
- Allows complex graphs to be built from simple elements
- Supports any data-type for which elements exist
- Plugin support allows media specific extensions
- Main core dependency is Glib
- Runs on Linux (x86 & PPC), Solaris and FreeBSD



## What is GStreamer

- Uses 3rd-party libs where possible
  - Code re-use is good
- GStreamer is not a sound server
  - But you could build one with it
- Associated with GNOME but is graphics-toolkit agnostic
  - KDE may adopt GStreamer



## Why create GStreamer

- Linux (and other \*nixes) have bad media handling
- Many hacked single-purpose apps and libs exist
- Other platforms have multimedia frameworks
  - DirectShow
  - QuickTime
  - BeMedia
  - RealMedia SDK



## Applications using GStreamer

- Rhythmbox
- Totem, Gst-player
- Gnome-Sound-Recorder, gst-mixer
- Sound-juicer, Marlin
- Video-whale
- Gnonlin, VDV
- Your App Here...



## Intellectual property issues

- Core library is licensed as LGPL
- Apps are becoming LGPL to avoid GPL patent issues
- Plugins allow distributions to ship core GStreamer but leave out patent-encumbered libraries
  - For example mp3, Sorenson, etc
- Third party vendors could distribute binary-only GStreamer plugins (but it hasn't happened yet)

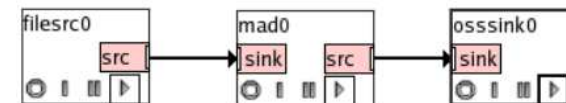


## Language Bindings

- Core library is written in C
- Python, Perl, Ruby, Guile
- Java, C#, C++
- QT style C++ (for KDE)
- Not all bindings are as mature as others



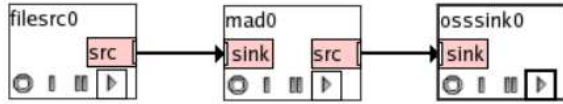
## Tools and utilities



- Gst-editor – graphical pipeline building
- Gst-launch – command-line pipeline building
  - filesrc location="britney.mp3" ! mad ! osssink
- Gst-register – updates registry of plugin features
- Gst-inspect – gives info about installed plugins



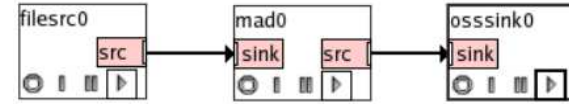
## Pipelines and elements



- Elements are joined together to form complete pipelines
- Each element performs a single function
- Data and events flow from left to right



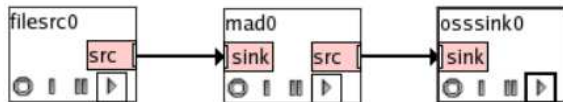
## Pads and capabilities



- Elements have pads which can be connected
- Data and events flow through pads
- Before data can flow pads must negotiate mutual capabilities
- Some pads only appear on-demand



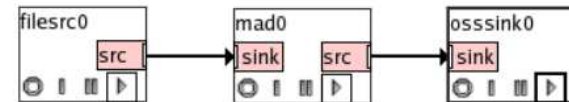
## Buffers and memory usage




- Data travels in objects called buffers
- Data might not always be writeable
- Allocating and copying memory is avoided where possible
- Optimisations are possible without all elements being aware



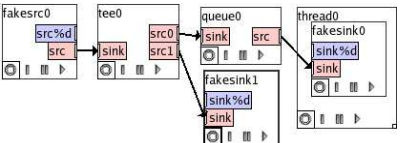
## Chain, get and loop elements




- “Chain” elements are the simplest and fastest – one buffer in, one buffer out
- “Loop” elements are required for more than one source or sink, or if number of buffers going in differs from those coming out
- “Get” elements only have source pads



## Core elements




- Some elements contain other elements (Bins)
- The “thread” element is a bin which runs its children in a separate thread
- The “queue” element is placed between threads to decouple the data flow
- The “tee” element splits one input into more than one output

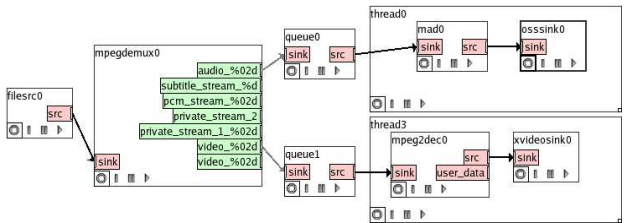


## Input, output, codec and filter plugins


- Inputs – file, GnomeVFS, UDP, DVD
- Outputs – file, sound card, X display, SDF, network
- Codecs – mp3, vorbis, ffmpeg
- Filters – LADSPA, effectTv
- Plus many others



## Clocks and synchronisation



- For A/V playback, always sync to the sound card
- Sound card clocks are precise but not accurate
- Any real-time elements synchronise to the “default” clock



## Schedulers and cothreads

- Schedulers decide when each element needs to process data
- Cothreads are user-space threads which are simpler to use and faster than real threads
- Original scheduler created a cothread for each element
- Current default scheduler doesn't need cothreads, so it runs on more platforms but has higher latency



## Autoplugging with spider

- Each media type has its own type-finding function
- Spider finds the media type of a stream, then finds an element to decode it
- Elements are added until a complete pipeline can be built



## New features in development

- Rewritten subsystems for content negotiation, metadata, capabilities
- Element interfaces allow full interaction between apps and elements
- Current interfaces include
  - Audio mixer (used by gst-mixer in gnome-media)
  - Video overlay
  - Property probing (to find hardware device names)
  - Interactivity for DVD menus and Flash



## An ogg player in python

```
import sys
from gstreamer import *

def main():
    bin = Pipeline('pipeline')

    filesrc = gst_element_factory_make ('filesrc', 'disk_source');
    filesrc.set_property('location', sys.argv[1])

    decoder = gst_element_factory_make ('vorbisfile', 'parse');

    osssink = gst_element_factory_make ('ossink', 'play_audio')

    # add objects to the main pipeline
    for e in (filesrc, decoder, osssink):
        bin.add(e)

    # link the elements
    previous = None
    for e in (filesrc, decoder, osssink):
        if previous:
            previous.link(e)
            previous = e

    # start playing
    bin.set_state(STATE_PLAYING);

    while bin.iterate(): pass
```



## More Information

- <http://gstreamer.net/>
- #gstreamer on irc.freenode.net
- Any questions?